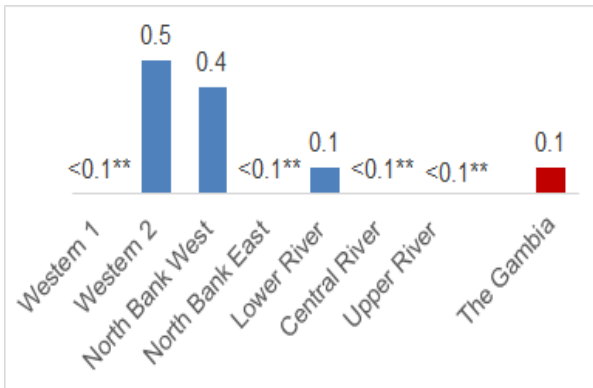




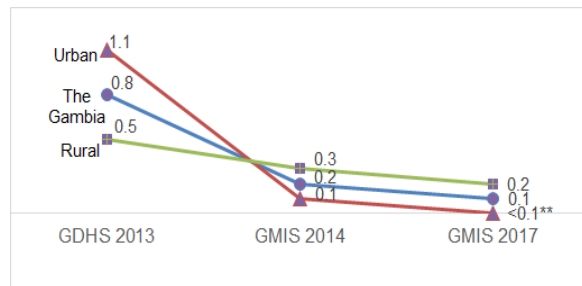
Malaria Prevalence in Young Children by Health Region

Percentage of children age 6-59 months who tested positive for malaria by microscopy



Trends in Malaria Prevalence in Young Children by Residence

Percentage of children age 6-59 months who tested positive for malaria by microscopy



Response Rates and methodology for testing: All household members age 6 months and older living in selected households were eligible for malaria testing. Malaria testing was done through a rapid diagnostic test (RDT) as well as blood smear microscopy. Of the 9,434 eligible individuals, 92% provided blood for RDT and for malaria microscopy.



For additional information on the results of the 2017 Gambia Malaria Indicator Survey, please contact:

In The Gambia:

The National Malaria Control Programme (NMCP) of The Gambia Ministry of Health and Social Welfare.

Plot 17a, Kanifing Institutional Lay Out, Kanifing, The Gambia. Telephone: +220-9901939 or 9961939; E-mail: ballakandeh@yahoo.co.uk; or

The Gambia Bureau of Statistics (GBoS). Kanifing Institutional Layout, P.O.Box 3504. Serrekunda, The Gambia. Telephone: +220-4377847. E-mail: info@gbos.gov.gm.

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Utica International, 9342 Farewell Rd, Columbia MD, 21045 USA. Telephone +1-410 440 1313; Fax: +1-410 997 0617; E-mail: mohamedayad@uticaint.com; Internet: www.uticaint.com.

The Gambia Malaria Indicator Survey 2017 (GMIS 2017) was implemented by the Gambia Bureau of Statistics (GBoS), in close collaboration with the Gambia National Malaria Control Programme (NMCP) and the National Public Health Laboratories (NPHL) of the Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (MoH&SW). Financial support for the survey was provided by the Global Fund to Fight AIDs, Tuberculosis, and Malaria (Global Fund - GFATM), and the Government of The Gambia. Utica International provided technical assistance.



Ministry of Health and Social Welfare



Malaria Indicator Survey 2017

Fact Sheet



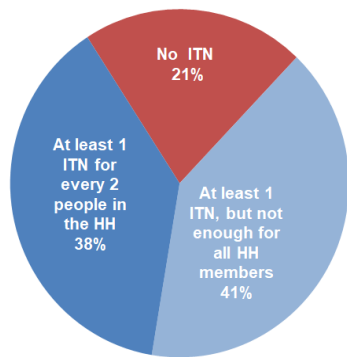
The Gambia

The Gambia Malaria Indicator Survey 2017 (GMIS)

The Gambia Malaria Indicator Survey 2017 (GMIS) provides population-based estimates on malaria indicators including malaria prevention, malaria knowledge, and prevalence of malaria to inform strategic planning and program evaluation.

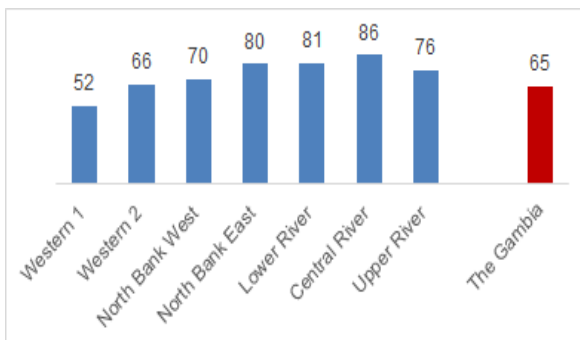
Household Coverage of Insecticide-treated Nets (ITNs*)

Percent distribution of households (HH)



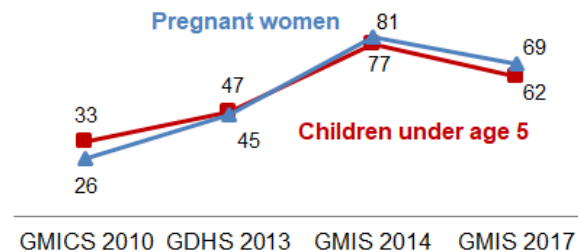
ITN* Access by Health Region

Percentage of the de facto household population who could sleep under an ITN if each ITN in the household were used by up to 2 people



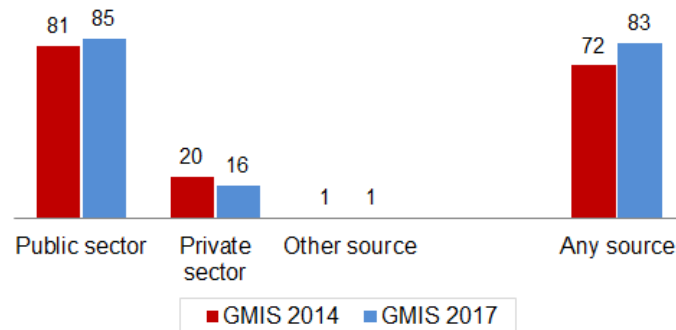
Trends in ITN* Use by Children and Pregnant Women

Percentage of children under five and pregnant women age 15-49 who slept under an ITN the night before the survey



Trends in Care Seeking for Children with Fever

Among children under age 5 with fever in the two weeks before the survey, percentage for whom advice or treatment was sought from specific sources

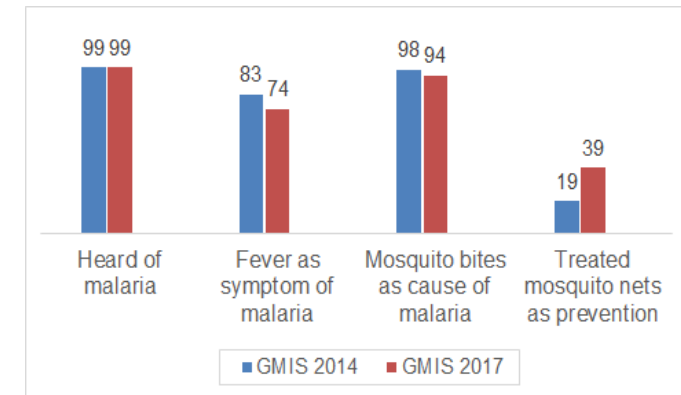


*An insecticide-treated net (ITN) is a factory-treated net that does not require any further treatment.

**In this subsample, no case testing positive for malaria is found.

Trends in Knowledge of Symptoms, Causes and Prevention of Malaria

Percentage of women age 15-49 who know malaria causes, symptoms and prevention between 2014 and 2017



Among children age 6-59 months, the prevalence of low haemoglobin has fallen substantially from 12% in the GDHS 2013 to 7% in the GMIS 2014 and to 4% in the GMIS 2017.

Malaria Prevalence in Household Members by Health Region

Percentage of household members age 6 months and older who tested positive for malaria by microscopy

